



BATTERIES DESIGNED FOR MINING PROVEN TO PERFORM



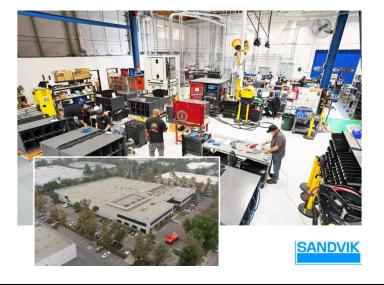
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- Only OEM with in-house battery system
- Engineered specifically for UG mining
- Full control over R&D priorities, enabling rapid turnaround on customer requests
- Proven, rugged designs with over half a million operating hours underground
- 10+ years of battery expertise with Artisan®

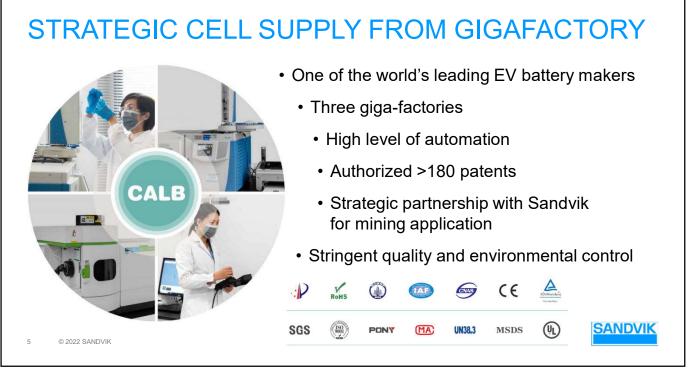
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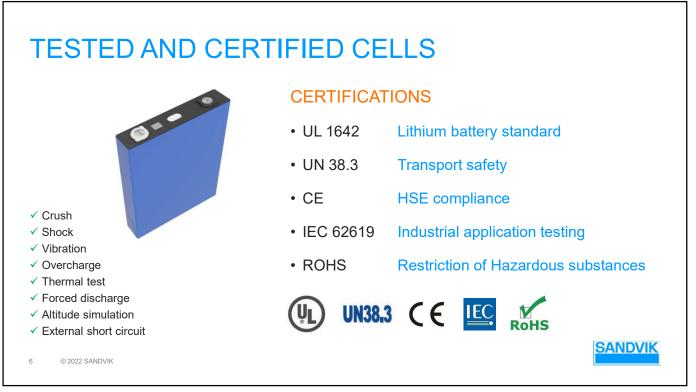
100 MWh BATTERY FACTORY 100% DEDICATED TO MINING

- Sandvik battery factory located in Camarillo, California
- Over 100 MWh annual capacity
- High-volume flow production enables new battery production as well as rapid response to aftermarket needs
- · Safety and quality culture
- Training and customer visit center



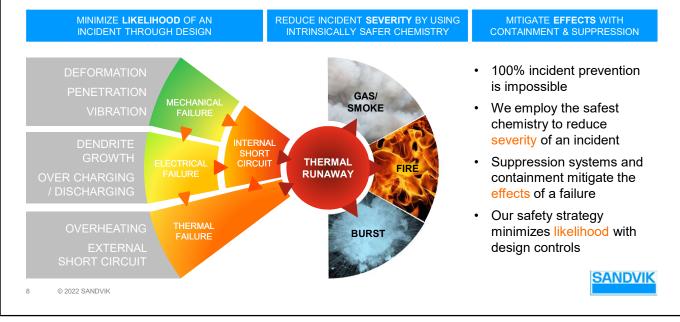
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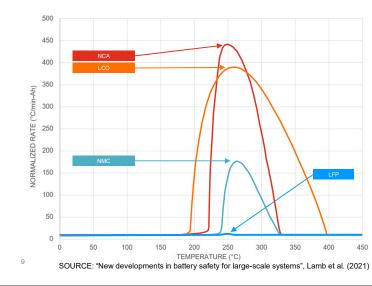


SAFETY STRATEGY FOR THERMAL RUNAWAY



REDUCING HAZARD SEVERITY

HEAT RELEASED IN A THERMAL RUNAWAY SCENARIO





- The rate of temperature rise (left) indicates severity of a thermal event
- The higher the Heat Release Rate, the harder it is to contain an incident
- The LFP rate of temperature rise is over 100x lower than other chemistries, making containment more achievable
- In thermal runaway tests, LFP cells emit flammable gaseous electrolyte but do not self-ignite
- An external ignition source, like arcing in the enclosure, can still trigger a fire

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REDUCING HARMFUL EMISSIONS



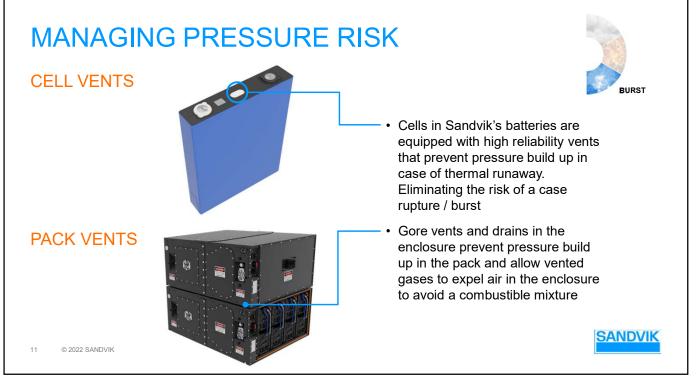
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GASES FROM BATTERIES

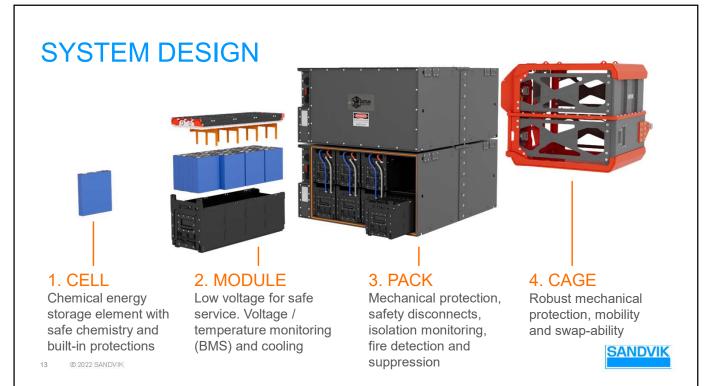
- Lithium-ion batteries do not off-gas during normal operation, gases are produced as a result of abuse, damage, thermal runaway or fire
- In case of a fire, smoke (from burning electrolyte, plastics, rubber, paint etc.) is the primary hazard
- The new chemical to be aware of is the possible formation of HF (Hydrogen fluoride). HF can form when the fluorine ions in the electrolyte combine with hydrogen atoms from water
- LFP has been shown to produce the lowest quantities of harmful emissions (though HF gas formation is still a possibility)

Exhaust compound	LFP	LMO	NMC
CO ₂	0	0	85,959
CH ₄	0	43	28
со	4	230	4,235
NO	0	0	632
NO ₂	0	0	5
NH ₃	0	8	0
C ₂ H ₆	0	25	0
C ₂ H ₄	0	62	53
C ₃ H ₆	0	63	280
HCL	0	0	459
CH₂O	0	19	10
HF	0	0	26,698
SOURCE: CDC (SwRI Project No. 03.24852), Jones et. al., January 8 (2021)			SAND\

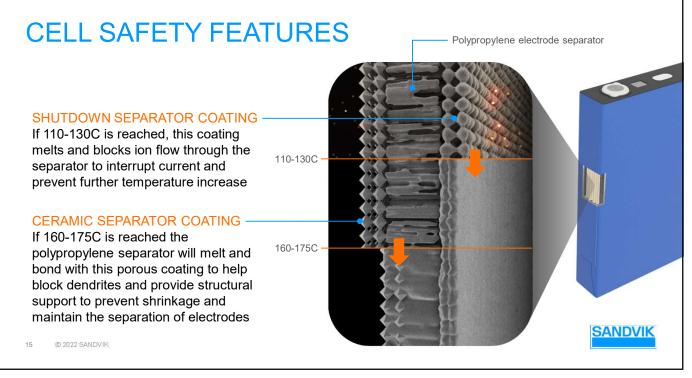
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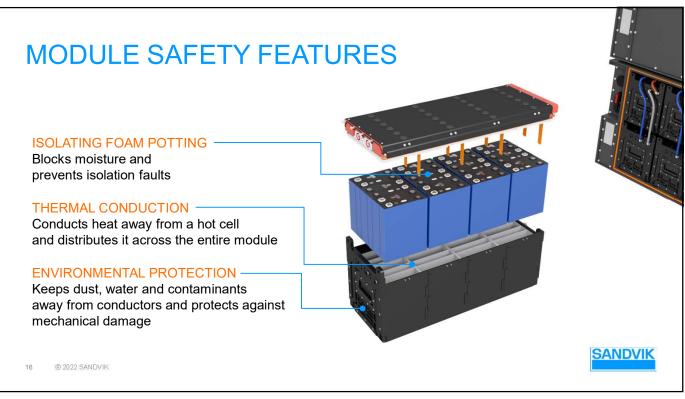


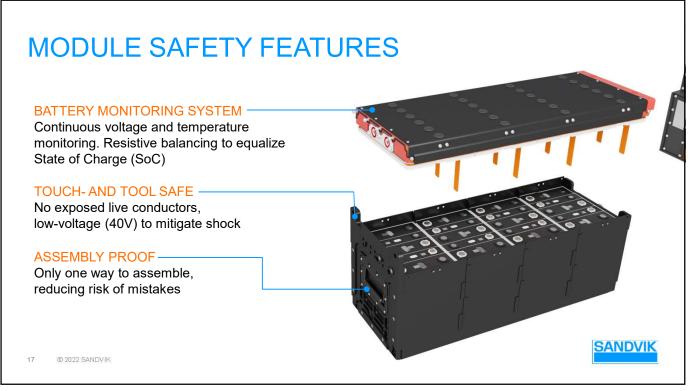












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PACK SAFETY FEATURES

BATTERY SYSTEM CONTROLLER (BSC) -

Monitors all safety thresholds and disconnects battery contactors if required

ISOLATION MONITORING DEVICE (IMD)

Monitors electrical isolation between the HV circuit and the chassis

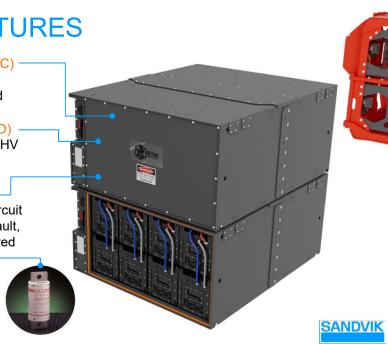
BATTERY CONTACTORS -

Redundant configuration (2x) to break circuit in case of over/under voltage, isolation fault, over temperature or over current. Triggered also by HVIL

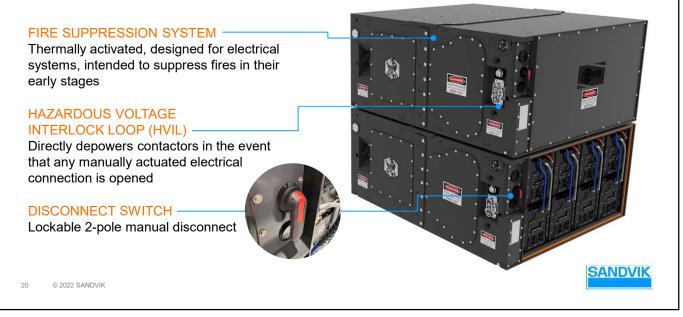
600A FUSES

Overcurrent protection and protection against damage from external shorts

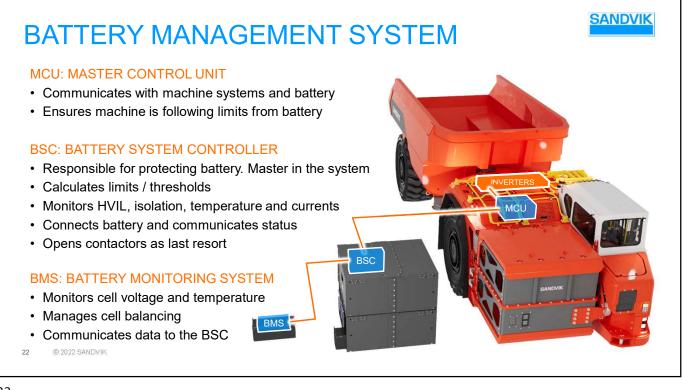
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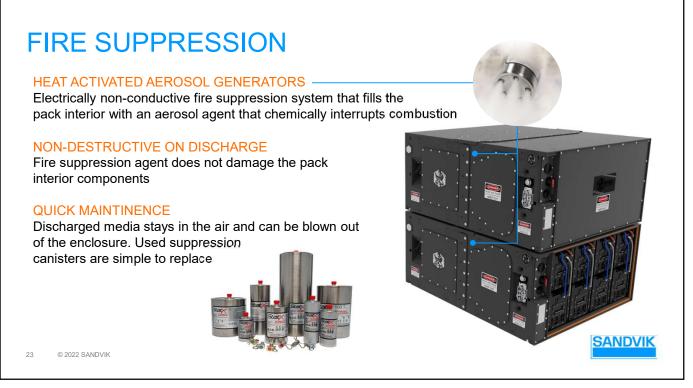


PACK SAFETY FEATURES









BUILT FOR REAL-WORLD USE

- Structural design as robust as any conventional machine
- Batteries can withstand significant impact damage without incident
- Attachment between battery cage and frame of machine is both robust and tight.
 LH518B battery attachment is designed to exceed ISO standard (1.5x machine weight)

